Changing Training Practices of Adult Support Providers: Training, Mentoring, and Technical Assistance Matter

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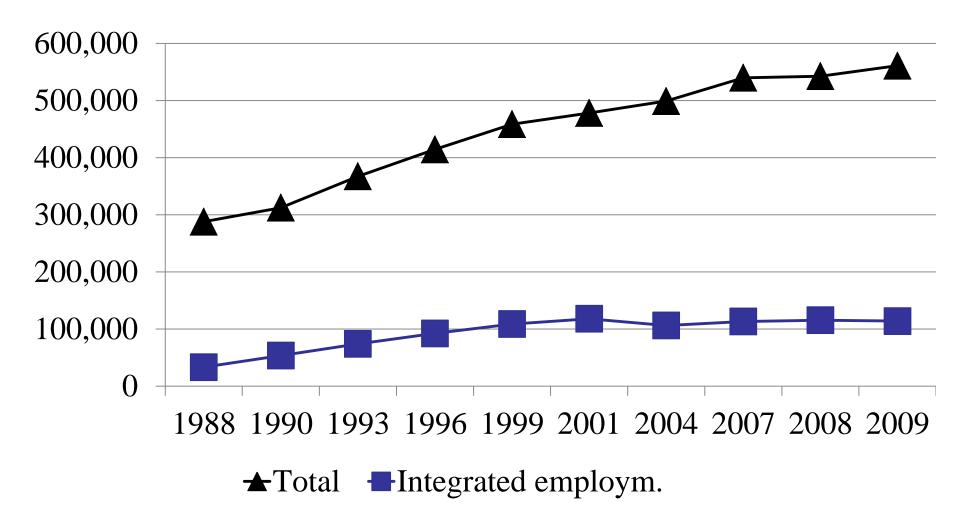
Employment of people with intellectual or developmental disabilities (IDD) is a **high priority** across the nation.

However, only a minority of people with IDD work in individual paid employment, and those that do earn low wages.





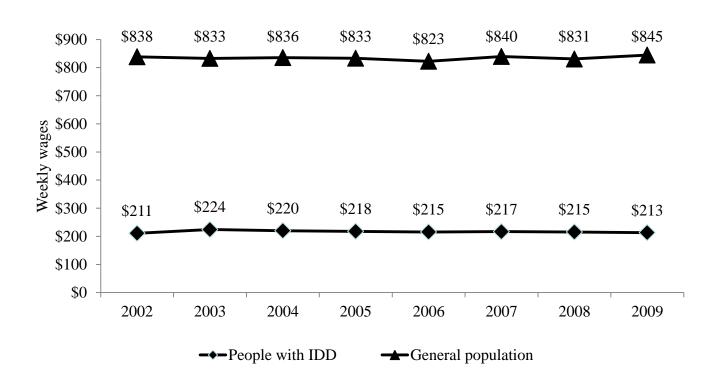
How many receive integrated employment supports?







What are the weekly wages?





Our hypothesis

Better employment outcomes for people with IDD can be obtained by providing employment consultants with training and mentoring on individualized support strategies.

Better outcomes include:

- More job seekers getting individual paid work
- Jobs that entail more weekly work hours
- Jobs that pay higher wages





What was the research design of the study?

Experimental with random assignment involving 25 employment providers in Minnesota and Connecticut

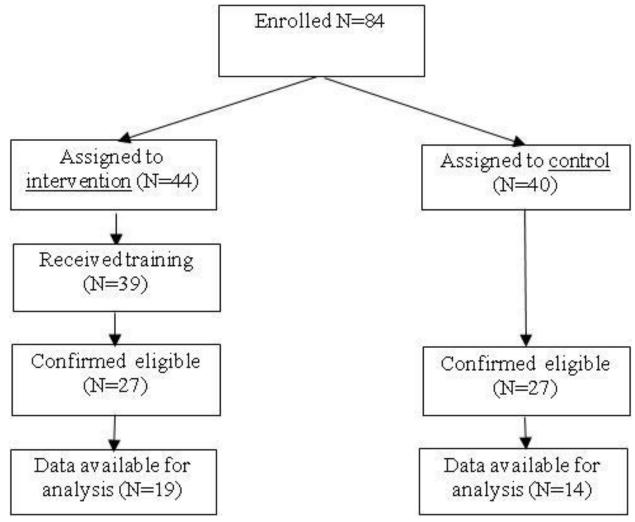
Timeline:

- Baseline data collection: May 2009
- Training to the intervention group: June 2009
- Post-baseline data collection: Summer 2010





How many consultants participated in the study?







What competencies were taught?

- Understanding job seekers' preferences and skills within a personcentered career-planning approach (e.g., spending time with job seekers, talking with people who know job seekers well, observing job seekers in work and non-work environments)
- Knowing how to find jobs (e.g., researching the local labor market, involving job seekers' personal networks)
- Knowing how to connect with employers (e.g., exploring employers' needs, developing meaningful proposals, and negotiating customized job descriptions)
- Understanding implications after the hire (e.g., identifying and facilitating natural workplace supports, addressing work incentives, and fostering relationships with employers)





How was training and mentoring delivered?

- 1. Three-day in-person seminar

 Lecture, discussion, interactive group exercises, and community-based exercises
- 2. Field work
- 3. Training manual
- 4. Two individual mentoring sessions
- 5. Long-distance assistance (telephone or email)

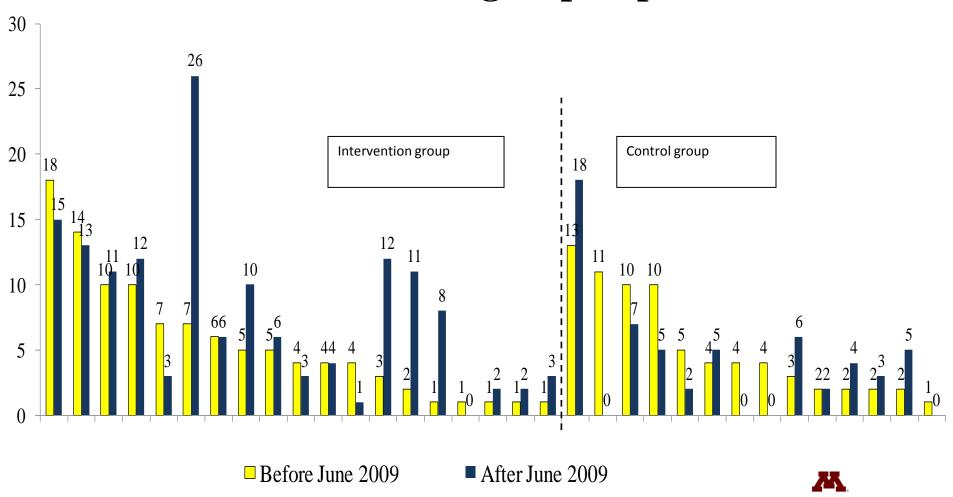


What did we find?

Training and mentoring lead to better employment outcomes:

- 3.4 more placements in paid employment over one-year period (ES=0.33; P=0.03)
- \$.99 more earnings per hour (ES=.29; p=.06)
- 6.7 more weekly work hours (ES=.32; p=.03)

Did every employment consultant in the intervention group improve?



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What other factors may influence outcomes?

- •Employment providers' priorities
- •Organizational supports to employment consultants
- Consultants' personal experiences
- Funding mechanisms
- •Job seekers' support needs.



Any limitations and strengths of this study? Limitations

- 1. Voluntary enrollment
- 2. Small sample size
- 3. Self-reported outcomes
- 4. Some differences in implementation
- 5. Hawthorn effect

Strengths

- 1. Experimental design with random assignment
- 2. Characteristics across intervention and control group were minimal
- 3. High response rate (61%)





Conclusions: What can be done to increase employment of adults with IDD?

- Ensure that employment consultants receive training and mentoring on individualized employment supports
- Ensure that funding agencies, employment programs, and supervisors structure their activities around the same principles of individualized support taught to employment consultants





Resources

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Any questions?

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Contributors of this study include the following: John Butterworth, the principal investigator, developed the project proposal; Alberto Migliore coordinated the overall implementation; Derek Nord coordinated the implementation in Minnesota and was a co-trainer; Amy Gelb was a co-trainer and collaborated on curriculum development; Melanie Jordan and Cecilia Gandolfo developed the curriculum; Monica Cox carried out data management and some data analysis; and Anya Weber copyedited the final slides.

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